Tab 5

Metropolitan Water District of Salt Lake & Sandy Board Meeting Information Last Update: September 11, 2023

Agenda Item: Update on meetings with member cities to discuss FY25 property tax

Background: During the August 7, 2023 work session, the General Manager reported on the property tax process. The FY2024 tentative budget included an increase to the certified tax rate to 0.00035. Based on feedback from both member cities, the District removed the property tax increase from the FY2024 adopted budget. However, the District still has revenue needs due to increasing capital costs and costs from other entities.

Staff analyzed two methods to increase revenue: (1) increase the certified property tax rate to 0.00035 and (2) increase the water rates. The attached memo summarizes this analysis. The member cities have received a copy of the memo.

Meetings have been scheduled with Salt Lake City Public Utilities staff on September 13th and with Sandy City Public Utilities on September 15th. Sessions will be scheduled with the mayors and city councilmembers from both cities in the upcoming months.

The goal is to reach a consensus in early 2024 from both city councils on the proposed property tax increase.

Recommendation: Reporting item.

Attachment:

• Property tax memo

Memo

TO:	City Councilmembers
DATE:	September 7, 2023
FROM:	Metropolitan Water District of Salt Lake & Sandy
SUBECT	FY25 Proposed Increase to the Certified Tax Rate
CC:	MWDSLS Board of Trustees

ISSUES

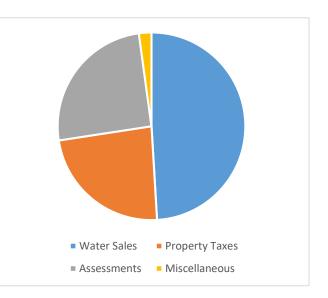
The Metropolitan Water District of Salt Lake & Sandy ("District") needs revenue.

- Revenue is raised by increasing water rates or property taxes. An increase to water rates is a big hit to the member cities.
- The District does not have a lot of control over the cost increases from other entities (i.e., Central Utah Water Conservancy District, Jordan Valley Water Conservancy District, and Provo River Water Users Association).

BACKGROUND

The Metropolitan Water District of Salt Lake & Sandy is a local district that provides drinking water to Salt Lake City and Sandy City. The District's board is comprised of seven trustees. The Salt Lake City Council appoints five of the seven trustees. The Sandy City Council appoints two of the trustees.

The District's three main revenue sources are water sales, property taxes, and assessments. In FY2024, 49.1% of the District's revenue is received from water sales and 23.5% from property taxes.



FY25 ESCALATING COSTS AND CAPITAL NEEDS FOR AGING INFRASTRUCTURE

The FY2024 budget included a 3% increase to the member cities water sales fixed charge (\$/month) and maintained the certified tax rate. The District's total FY24 Operations & Maintenance budget increased by 8.23% due to increased chemical costs and employee costs.

The District typically manages increases to the O&M budget through water sales. However, the FY24 budget identified the following escalating capital costs related to vital aging water infrastructure and costs from other water agencies:

Description	Annual Cost	Long-Term Financial Impact
Cottonwoods Connection Project (District/SLC/SC)	\$2,276,800	\$41.5 Million
Purpose: Required project to address aging infrastructure		(repayment of 30 year
and Salt Lake Aqueduct seismic and other elements of		loan/bond)
resiliency.		
Deer Creek Dam Intake Project (PRWUA costs)	\$1,240,000	\$37 Million
Purpose: Required project to replace aging dam		(30 years repayment)
infrastructure that delivers 85,000 AF of water (80% of		
water portfolio) to the Salt Lake Valley.		
Jordan Aqueduct/Jordan Valley Water Treatment Plant	\$5,023,680	\$32.5 Million
Capital and O&M (JVWCD costs)	(5 year average)	(10 years of capital projects)
Purpose: Address aging infrastructure that delivers water		
to Northwest quadrant of Salt Lake City.		
Central Utah Project OMR&R (CUWCD costs)	\$1,501,500	\$6.9 Million
Purpose: Expenses related to the District's investment in		(forecasted target increase)
Central Utah Project water.		
Total	\$9,371,370	\$117.9 Million

Due to increasing O&M costs, replacement of aging infrastructure, growing capital needs, and escalating costs from other agencies, the District needs to generate more revenue.

REVENUE GOALS AND REQUIREMENTS

When evaluating revenue needs, the following revenue goals and/or requirements are taken into consideration:

- Balance of revenues and expenses.
- Maintain a debt service ratio coverage of 1.25 (policy goal) and 1.15 (by bond covenant).
- Maintain reserve accounts based on bond covenants, contract requirements, and District policy.

REVENUE OPTIONS

The District can increase revenue through property taxes and/or water rates. In order to generate an increase of \$8.6M in revenue in FY25, the District will either increase the certified tax rate to 0.00035 or increase the water sales rate to the member cities by 36.33%. The following analysis explores the two options.

(1) Increase to the Certified Tax Rates

The current certified tax rates for Salt Lake City and Sandy City are 0.000200 and 0.000216 respectively. Fifteen years ago, in 2008, the District increased the certified rate to 0.00035. Over time, the rate has eroded as the value of properties has increased. Since 2008, the District has not implemented a certified rate increase.

As of January 1, 2015 the appointed board of trustees of the Metropolitan Water District of Salt Lake & Sandy must receive approval from their appointed authority to increase the certified tax rate (see code 17B-2a-608(2)). In this case, the city councils from Salt Lake City and Sandy City must authorize a property tax levy that exceeds the certified tax rate for the taxable year. There must be consensus from both councils and each city will be taxed at a uniform and equal rate.

An increase to the certified tax rate increase would offset the need for large water rate increases. Table 1 calculates the annual impact of an increase to the certified tax rate to Sandy City and Salt Lake City property owners. On average, a property owner in the Metropolitan Water District of Salt Lake & Sandy's service area would see an annual property tax increase of \$47.00.

Tuble 1. Alliluu	i inipact of prop.	city tax increase	to rioperty	Owner		
City	2023 Tax	Proposed	Percent	Taxable Home	Annual	Monthly
	Year Certified	Certified Tax	Increase	Value	Increase to	increase
	Tax Rate	Rate		(55% of	property	
				medium home	owner	
				value)		
Sandy City	0.000216	0.00035	62.04%	\$345,400	\$46.28	\$3.86
Salt Lake City	0.000200	0.00035	75.00%	\$316,800	\$47.52	\$3.96

Table 1: Annual impact of property tax increase to Property Owner

Attachment A illustrates the 5-year financial impact of a property tax increase. In this scenario, the District maintains a positive net revenue for recurring revenues/expenses. The debt service ratio also meets the minimum requirements.

Table 2 represents the net revenue generated from the certified tax rate increase. The District would receive an additional \$8.6 million in tax revenue. Table 2 also shows the estimated tax revenue from each member city.

City	2023 Tax	2023 Tax	Proposed	Estimated 2024	Net Revenue
	Year Certified	Revenue	Certified Tax	Tax Revenue	Increase
	Tax Rate		Rate		
Sandy City	0.000216	\$3,010,170	0.00035	\$ 4,877,590	\$1,867,420
Salt Lake City	0.000200	\$9,030,509	0.00035	\$15,802,603	\$6,772,094
Total MWDSLS Taxes		\$12,040,679	0.00035	\$20,680,193	\$8,639,514

Table 2: Dollar amount generated from an increase in the certified tax rate

(2) Increase to Water Rates

If either council does not approve an increase to the certified tax rate, then the District recommends an increase to the water rate. The rate must be uniformly applied to all cities comprising this District. The FY24 budget includes a 3% water rate increase; however, this percentage would increase to 36.33% in FY25 in order to generate a revenue increase of \$8.6M. Table 3 represents the current water sales revenue and the projected water rate increase needed to meet the District's revenue needs.

City	FY24 Water	Percent	Estimated FY25 Water	Net Revenue Increase
	Sales Revenue	Increase	Sales Revenue	
Sandy City	\$ 6,658,388	36.33%	\$ 9,077,381	\$2,418,993
Salt Lake City	\$17,121,570	36.33%	\$23,341,836	\$6,220,266
Total MWDSLS				
Water Sales to	\$23,779,958	36.33%	\$32,419,217	\$8,639,259
Member Cities				

 Table 3: Dollar amount generated from an increase to water rates

Attachment B illustrates the 5-year financial impact of at 36.33% water rate increase in FY25. In this scenario, the District maintains a positive net revenue for recurring revenues/expenses and the debt service ratio meets the minimum requirements.

TIMING AND DECISION OF THE INCREASE TO THE CERTIFIED TAX RATE

Consistent with current statute, increasing the certified tax rate requires approval by "the legislative body of each municipality that appoints a member to the board of trustees under Section 17B-2a-604" (17B-2a-608). The timing of this approval needs to occur before the statutory deadline of June 22, 2024.

As early as January of 2024, the councils from both member cities will need to arrive at a consensus on the District's request to increase the certified tax rate to 0.00035. The decision will guide the District's budget preparation.

The District adheres to the following budget schedule:

- March: Work session discussion on budget. Open public meeting for public comments and input.
- **April:** Board approval of the tentative budget. Open public meeting for public comments and input.
- **April-May timeframe**: Meetings with city councils to present tentative budget and address any concerns.
- May: Tentative budget public hearing for the water rate increase
- June: Approval of the tentative budget that was previously approved, unless an increase to the certified tax rate is being proposed.
- August: Adoption of any increase to the certified tax rate

With the approval of both city councils, the certified rate would increase as budgeted and be formally adopted after a Truth in Taxation hearing in August. Otherwise, the existing certified rate would be adopted in June.

Without a certified rate increase in FY25, the District will need to pursue a water rate increase above that which has previously been forecasted to member cities to meet the District's financial obligations.

Attachment A

Property Tax Increase (.00035); Water Rate Increase 3%/yr (\$8,639,514)

				3%		3%		3%	3%		3%
Recurring Revenues		2024		2025		2026		2027	2028		2029
Water Sales to member cities	Ś	23,779,958	Ś	24,493,357	Ś	25,228,157	Ś	25,985,002	\$ 26,764,552	Ś	27,567,489
Water sales to others		1,333,278		87,000		87,000		87,000	87,000	•	87,000
Revenue from ODT water		209,081		121,608		112,157		227,454	276,766		327,414
Property Taxes		12,040,679		20,680,193		20,680,193		20,680,193	20,680,193		20,680,193
Assessments		12,721,539		21,024,369		23,477,894		14,818,837	14,809,114		14,795,592
TOTAL	\$	50,084,535	\$	66,406,527	\$	69,585,401	\$	61,798,486	\$ 62,617,625	\$	63,457,688
Recurring Expenses											
Operations and Maintenance (3% Annual Increase)	\$	20,459,164	\$	21,030,110	\$	21,622,893	\$	22,602,759	\$ 23,351,383	\$	24,123,252
PRWUA O&M		4,244,885		4,415,061		4,585,633		4,392,023	4,453,242		4,515,512
O&M for CUP and ULS Water		1,501,500		1,617,000		1,732,500		1,834,833	1,943,172		1,809,419
Central Utah Project allotment payment		2,971,200		2,971,200		2,971,200		2,971,200	2,971,200		2,971,200
Water Purchase (CUP ULS Petition)		844,223		844,223		844,223		844,223	844,223		844,223
Debt Service		17,031,648		20,848,522		20,875,308		21,071,172	20,900,470		20,888,386
					+		+		4	+	
TOTAL	\$	47,052,620	\$	51,726,116	Ş	52,631,757	Ş	53,716,210	\$ 54,463,690	Ş	55,151,992

Non-Recurring Revenue		2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029
Miscellaneous revenue		1,105,537	987,886	1,110,196	692,536	660,119	605,054
Bond Proceeds or Loans		-	41,500,000	-	-	-	-
	TOTAL \$	1,105,537	\$ 42,487,886	\$ 1,110,196	\$ 692,536	\$ 660,119	\$ 605,054
Non-recurring Expenses							
Non-routine O&M	\$	965,443	\$ 781,000	\$ 896,000	\$ 872,000	\$ 910,000	\$ 875,000
Capacity Improvements Projects		7,272,721	10,130,406	12,531,259	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
Non-capacity Improvement Projects		2,400,873	18,623,494	29,375,041	3,847,120	3,320,700	5,972,000
Jordan Aqueduct System & 150th South Pipeline		2,974,643	10,011,671	6,974,186	1,878,718	3,279,183	3,664,934
	total \$	13,613,680	\$ 39,546,571	\$ 49,776,486	\$ 8,597,838	\$ 9,509,883	\$ 12,511,934

Recurring plus Non-Recurring Revenue	\$ 51,190,072 \$	108,894,413	\$ 70,695,597 \$	62,491,022 \$	63,277,744 \$	64,062,742
Recurring plus Non-Recurring Expenses	\$ 60,666,300 \$	91,272,687	\$ 102,408,243 \$	62,314,048 \$	63,973,573 \$	67,663,926
Revenue minus expenses	\$ (9,476,227) \$	17,621,726	\$ (31,712,645) \$	176,974 <mark>\$</mark>	(695,829) \$	(3,601,184)
Available Reserves	\$ 53,957,597 \$	73,400,482	\$ 43,804,357 \$	44,473,806 \$	43,957,602 \$	40,335,388
Restricted Reserves - Total	7,543,983	7,713,330	7,963,118	8,180,611	8,421,023	8,650,898
Assigned Reserves - Total	22,602,275	17,575,894	10,870,340	10,391,680	9,616,042	9,768,286
Unassigned Reserves	23,811,339	48,111,257	24,970,899	25,901,516	25,920,537	21,916,204
Debit Service Ratio	1.41	2.32	2.11	1.56	1.57	1.57

Attachment B

Water Rate Increase to equal a 0.00035 tax increase (\$8,639,514)

			36.33%	3%	3%	3%	3%
Recurring Revenues	2024		2025	2026	2027	2028	 2029
Water Sales to member cities \$	23,779,9	58 \$	32,419,217	\$ 33,391,793	\$ 34,393,547	\$ 35,425,353	\$ 36,488,114
Water sales to others	1,333,2	78	87,000	87,000	87,000	87,000	87,000
Revenue from ODT water	209,0	81	121,608	112,157	227,454	276,766	327,414
Property Taxes	12,040,6	79	12,040,679	12,040,679	12,040,679	12,040,679	12,040,679
Assessments	12,721,5	39	21,024,369	23,477,894	14,818,837	14,809,114	14,795,592
TOTAL \$	50,084,5	35 \$	65,692,873	\$ 69,109,523	\$ 61,567,517	\$ 62,638,912	\$ 63,738,799
Recurring Expenses							
Operations and Maintenance (3% Annual Increase) \$	20,459,1	64 \$	21,030,110	\$ 21,622,893	\$ 22,602,759	\$ 23,351,383	\$ 24,123,252
PRWUA O&M	4,244,8	85	4,415,061	4,585,633	4,392,023	4,453,242	4,515,512
O&M for CUP and ULS Water	1,501,5	00	1,617,000	1,732,500	1,834,833	1,943,172	1,809,419
Central Utah Project allotment payment	2,971,2	00	2,971,200	2,971,200	2,971,200	2,971,200	2,971,200
Water Purchase (CUP ULS Petition)	844,2	23	844,223	844,223	844,223	844,223	844,223
Debt Service	17,031,6	48	20,848,522	20,875,308	21,071,172	 20,900,470	20,888,386
TOTAL \$	47,052,6	20 \$	51,726,116	\$ 52,631,757	\$ 53,716,210	\$ 54,463,690	\$ 55,151,992

Non-Recurring Revenue		2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029
Miscellaneous revenue		1,105,537	987,886	1,110,196	692,536	660,119	605,054
Bond Proceeds or Loans		-	41,500,000	-	-	-	-
	TOTAL \$	1,105,537	\$ 42,487,886	\$ 1,110,196	\$ 692,536	\$ 660,119	\$ 605,054
Non-recurring Expenses							
Non-routine O&M	\$	965,443	\$ 781,000	\$ 896,000	\$ 872,000	\$ 910,000	\$ 875,000
Capacity Improvements Projects		7,272,721	10,130,406	12,531,259	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
Non-capacity Improvement Projects		2,400,873	18,623,494	29,375,041	3,847,120	3,320,700	5,972,000
Jordan Aqueduct System & 150th South Pipeline		2,974,643	10,011,671	6,974,186	1,878,718	3,279,183	3,664,934
	total \$	13,613,680	\$ 39,546,571	\$ 49,776,486	\$ 8,597,838	\$ 9,509,883	\$ 12,511,934

Recurring plus Non-Recurring Revenue	\$ 51,190,072	\$ 1	08,180,759	\$ 70,219,719 \$	62,260,053 \$	63,299,031 \$	64,343,853
Recurring plus Non-Recurring Expenses	\$ 60,666,300	\$	91,272,687	\$ 102,408,243 \$	62,314,048 \$	63,973,573 \$	67,663,926
Revenue minus expenses	\$ (9,476,227)	\$	16,908,072	\$ (32,188,524) \$	(53,995) \$	(674,541) \$	(3,320,073)
Available Reserves	\$ 53,957,597	\$	72,686,828	\$ 42,603,377 \$	43,022,592 \$	42,504,395 \$	39,139,981
Restricted Reserves - Total	7,543,983		7,713,330	7,963,118	8,180,611	8,421,023	8,650,898
Assigned Reserves - Total	22,602,275		17,575,894	10,870,340	10,391,680	9,616,042	9,768,286
Unassigned Reserves	23,811,339		47,397,603	23,769,919	24,450,301	24,467,330	20,720,797
Debit Service Ratio	1.41		2.29	2.08	1.55	1.57	1.58